FORM PRESCRIBED FOR THE PURPOSES OF SECTION 13(2) OF THE HOUSING ACT 1988

	0	ey] [Agricultural Occupancy]	•	iate	
The not	tes over the page giv	ve guidance to both landlords a	nd tenants about this notice.		
To: of:	[Tenant(s)][Address of the premises subject to the tenancy]			y]	
From:					
2. The			e read it carefully. per [week][month][year]*, in particle the second content of the se	lace of the existing one	
	• -		(see notes 12-16 over	the page).	
	C	ncluded and separately identifi	ed in your rent. The amounts of the see note 10 over the page)		
Charges		Amount included and separately identified (enter "nil" if appropriate)			
~ .		In the existing rent	In the proposed new rent		
Council tax		£	£		
Water charges		£	£		
Fixed service charges		£	£		
-	ou should take before		arrangements to pay it. If you do above. Please see the notes over	_	
Signed:	igned:[Landlord(s)][Landlord's Agent]*(see note 11 over the page) *delete as appropriate Oate:				
SOUTH	WEST LANDLORDS		whilst this document was in our opinionsequences of using this document.	n accurate and suitable for	

Please read these notes carefully.

Guidance notes for [tenants][agricultural occupants]*

*delete as appropriate

What you must do now

- 1. This notice proposes that you should pay a new rent from the date in section 3. If you are in any doubt or need advice about any aspect of this notice, you should immediately either discuss it with your landlord or take it to a citizens' advice bureau, a housing advice centre, a law centre or a solicitor.
- 2. If you accept the proposed new rent, please make arrangements to pay it. If you pay by standing order through your bank, you should inform them that the amount has changed. You should also notify your Housing Benefit office if you are claiming benefit. If you are worried that you might not be able to pay your rent, you should seek advice from a citizens' advice bureau or housing advice centre.
- 3. If you do **not** accept the proposed new rent, and do not wish to discuss it with your landlord, you can refer this notice to your local rent assessment committee. **You must do this before the starting date of the proposed new rent in section 3 of the notice.** You should notify your landlord that you are doing so, otherwise he or she may assume that you have agreed to pay the proposed new rent.
- 4. To refer this notice to the local rent assessment committee, you must use the form *Application referring a notice proposing a new rent under an Assured Periodic Tenancy or Agricultural Occupancy to a Rent Assessment Committee*. You can obtain this from a rent assessment panel, housing advice centre or legal stationer (details can be found in the telephone directory).
- 5. The rent assessment committee will consider your application and decide what the maximum rent for your home should be. In setting a rent, the committee must decide what rent the landlord could reasonably expect for the property if it were let on the open market under a new tenancy on the same terms. The committee may therefore set a rent that is higher, lower or the same as the proposed new rent.

Guidance notes for landlords on how to complete the notice

- 6. This notice can either be completed in ink or printed.
- 7. This notice should be used when proposing:
- a new rent under an assured periodic tenancy (including an assured shorthold periodic tenancy); or
- a new rent or licence fee for an assured agricultural occupancy. In such cases, reference to "landlord" and "tenant" can be read as references to "licensor" and "licensee".
- 8. Do not use this notice if the tenancy agreement contains a term allowing rent increases, or there is some other basis such as a separate agreement with the tenant for raising the rent. Any provision you rely on needs to be binding on the tenant. Legal advice should be sought if there is any doubt on this score.
- 9. You need to use a different form to propose a rent increase for a statutory periodic tenancy (the first case mentioned in note 15) if you are seeking to adjust rent solely because of a proposed change of terms under section 6(2) of the Housing Act 1988. Seek legal advice if you think this may apply to you. You can obtain the form headed *Notice proposing different terms for a Statutory Periodic Tenancy* from a rent assessment panel or a legal stationer.
- 10. In every notice each of the boxes in the table in section 4 should be completed, by entering either "Nil" or the amount of the existing or proposed charge in the second and third columns. Do **not** include in the table any **variable** service charges as referred to in sections 18 30 of the Landlord and Tenant Act 1985.
- 11. You or your agent (someone acting on your behalf) must sign and date this notice. If there are joint landlords, each landlord must sign unless one signs on behalf of the rest with their agreement. The signature does not have to be hand-written if, for instance, the form is being printed or if you wish to use a laser or autosignature.

When the proposed new rent can start

- 12. The date in section 3 of the notice must comply with the following three rules.
- 13. First, a minimum period of notice must be given before the proposed new rent can take effect. That period is:
- one month for a tenancy which is monthly or for a lesser period, for instance weekly or fortnightly;
- six months for a yearly tenancy;
- in all other cases, a period equal to the length of the period of the tenancy for example, three months in the case of a quarterly tenancy.
- 14. **Secondly**, the starting date for the proposed new rent must not be earlier than the first anniversary of the date on which the rent was last increased using this statutory notice procedure or, if the tenancy is new, the date on which it started.
- 15. This rule does not apply in two cases where a statutory tenancy has followed on from an earlier tenancy. In these cases the landlord can propose a new rent at once, but the first and third rules must still be followed. These cases are:
 - where the tenancy was originally for a fixed term (for instance, 6 months), but continues on a periodic (for instance, a monthly) basis after the term ends; and
 - where the tenancy came into existence on the death of the previous tenant who had a regulated tenancy under the Rent Act 1977.

16.**Thirdly**, the proposed new rent must start at the beginning of a period of the tenancy. For instance, if the tenancy is monthly, and started on the 20th of the month, rent will be payable on that day of the month, and a new rent must begin then, not on any other day of the month. If the tenancy is weekly, and started, for instance, on a Monday, the new rent must begin on a Monday.

The Association provides assistance and advice. However, the Association does not hold itself out as providing specialist legal advice and therefore whilst written and oral advice is given in good faith, no responsibility can be accepted by the association, its officers or members for the accuracy of its advice, nor shall the association be held liable for the consequences of reliance upon such advice.

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